PRESIDENT: The House will now proceed to the consideration of Motion No. 388 of Mr. V. Chellam Pillai under Demand XI—Police.

MR. L. A. BISHOP (*Commissioner of Police*): I was in the middle of my speech when I was speaking yesterday on the question of raising the speed-limit that is under consideration and that there is no possibility in our view of abolishing the speed-limit. I am doing all I can in the way of keeping professional drivers within the law. Mr. Tariatu Kunjitomman has commented on my touring work with vehemence and I also see that Mr. Matthew Murikkan has also got a cut motion. I must plead guilty in regard to this year, that my tour has not been as extensive as it might be. At the same time I must plead that I was extremely busy throughout the year. I had heavy work with re-organisation and re-allocation schems, which entailed my presence in head-quarters for a long time. Then, there was the visit of his Excellency the Viceroy, and very minute details had to be got up regarding the various ceremonies on all portions of his tour.

As regards Mr. V. Chellam Pillai's request, I shall do as much as I can in regard to removing the disability of passengers in Nagercoil moving from one bus to another.

MR. V. J. OOMMEN (*Commerce and Industry, North*): May I know from the member the number of days he was out on circuit during the current year?

MR. L. A. BISHOP (*Commissioner of Police*): I cannot say.

MR. V. J. OOMMEN (*Commerce and Industry, North*): It would be enough if the member gives me an approximate idea of the same.

MR. L. A. BISHOP (*Commissioner of Police*): It would not be fair to me or to the House to give an approximate figure.

MR. V. J. OOMMEN (*Commerce and Industry, North*): May I know from the member the number of Police Stations he has visited during the last year?

MR. L. A. BISHOP (*Commissioner of Police*): About 17 to 20.

MR. V. J. OOMMEN (*Commerce and Industry, North*): Has he ever visited Pulinkunnu Police Station?

MR. L. A. BISHOP (*Commissioner of Police*): Not yet.

MR. V. J. OOMMEN (*Commerce and Industry, North*): Does he know in which taluk it is situated?

MR. L. A. BISHOP (*Commissioner of Police*): I know it is near Ambalapuzha.

MR. V. J. OOMMEN (*Commerce and Industry, North*): He does not even know the taluk, Sir.

MR. L. A. BISHOP (*Commissioner of Police*): I am not concerned with taluk. I am only concerned with sub-divisions and districts where the Police Stations are situated. (*Laughter.*)

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MR. R. KESAVA PILLAI (*Kottarakara cum Kunnattur*): May I know from the Commissioner the speed-limit now allowed in the Quilon-Trivandrum line?

MR. L. A. BISHOP (*Commissioner of Police*): There is a schedule which gives all that information. I think 12 miles is the maximum for a bus.

MR. R. KESAVA PILLAI (*Kottarakara cum Kunnattur*): What is the speed-limit now allowed for the Kottayam-Trivandrum line?

MR. L. A. BISHOP (*Commissioner of Police*): I am trying to get a mean level for all roads in the State. The maximum speed is 16 for a bus and minimum is 12.

MR. R. KESAVA PILLAI (*Kottarakara cum Kunnattur*): May I know whether the Commissioner of Police has any idea of increasing the speed in the Quilon-Trivandrum line?

MR. L. A. BISHOP (*Commissioner of Police*): The matter is under consideration.

I hope the member will withdraw the motion on the assurance given by me.

MR. V. CHELLAM PLLAI (*Tovala*): In view of the explanation offered, I beg to withdraw the motion.

PRESIDENT: Does the House permit the member to withdraw his motion?

The motion was, by leave, withdrawn.

The following motion was deemed to have been not moved as the member was absent.

Motion 389.

MR. K. C. KARUNAKARAN:

To reduce the allotment of Rs. 2,700 for travelling allowances by Re. 1.

Motions *390 to 397*.

The following motions were not moved.

MR. MATTHEW MURIKKAN:

390. To reduce the allotment of Rs. 2,700 for travelling allowances by Re. 1.

MR. A. C. KURIAKOSE:

391. To reduce the allotment of Rs. 2,700 for travelling allowances by Re. 1.

MR. K. RAMAN PILLAI:

392. To reduce the allotment of Rs. 2,700 for travelling allowances by Rs. 5.

MR. P. S. MAHOMED:

393. To reduce the allotment of Rs. 2,700 for travelling allowances by Rs. 10.

MR. K. P. NILAKANTA PILLAI:

394. To reduce the allotment of Rs. 2,700 for travelling allowances by Rs. 100.

MR. REVATI NAL RAMA VARMA RAJA:

395. To reduce the allotment of Rs. 2,700 for travelling allowances by Rs. 200.

MR. A. G. MENON;

396. To omit the allotment of Rs. 3,924 for purchase of load-o-meters.

MR. K. P. NILAKANTA PILLAI:

397. To reduce the allotment of Rs. 300 for purchase and repair of fire-engine by Re. 1.

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MR. K. P. NILAKANTA PILLAI (*Chirayinkil*) : Sir, there is a mistake in printing of the object of the Motion No. 397. It is the 'dual' control over the fire-engine and not 'direct' control.

PRESIDENT : Do you move it ?

MR. K. P. NILAKANTA PILLAI (*Chirayinkil*) : No.

Motions 398 to 399.

The following motions were not moved.

MR. S. PIRAVIPERUMAL PILLAI :

398. To reduce the allotment of Rs. 600 for electric current by Rs. 400

MR. A. G. MENON :

399. To reduce the allotment of Rs. 1,350 for office expenses and miscellaneous by Rs. 350

Motion 400.

MR. K. P. NILAKANTA PILLAI (*Chirayinkil*) : I beg to move to reduce the total allotment of Rs. 49,557 for Commissioner by Re. 1.

The object of the motion is not the one that is specified in the motion sheet, but to criticise the general policy of administration of the department. Sir, in moving this motion, certain matters have to be brought to the notice of the Commissioner which may hereafter be, I hope, helpful to him for the proper administration of the Police Department so far as Travancore is concerned. Sir, certain measures were recently adopted by the Police Commissioner, which under the existing conditions in Travancore are not justifiable from the view point of the people. For example I may be permitted to cite two things. Of them one is the addition of the C. I. D. Officers to the Police Department. In expanding that, what I have to submit before this House is, the conditions prevailing in this Native State do not at all require any addition of the C. I. D. Force in the Police Department of Travancore. This is a country where the people are highly educated, people know their responsibilities and duties, the people know how to behave orderly and how to obey the existing laws of the country; people are in general loyal to the State and also to the Ruler. The conditions now prevailing in British India are not prevailing in Travancore. There is no peril, there is no revolutionary movement in Travancore. Nobody is engaged in upsetting the existing Government. Of course, I cannot find any reason which might have prevailed on the Commissioner of Police for enhancing the C. I. D. staff in Travancore. In connection with the same I have to ask, what is the meaning of the *lathi* display that has been recently made in the Police Maidan near the Puthen Cutcherry. It is, so far as Travancore is concerned, a meaningless thing. Sir, we are educated and we know how far *lathi* display by the Police Force is effective. We know the limits of the authority of the Police Commissioner and the Police Force. Therefore if it was the intention of the Police Commissioner and the Police Force to terrorise the citizens by the display of *lathies*, I humbly submit that that intention is not going to be effective by this display so far as Travancore is concerned.

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[Mr. K. P. Nilakanta Pillai.]

Then about the general administration of the Police Department I have to bring to the notice of the House several things. In this connection I would also submit a word regarding the actions of the subordinate ranks in the Police Department. They are not doing their duty to the expectation of the people. Corruption in spite of repeated representations in this House and elsewhere is still rampant in the Police Department and in the establishment among the subordinate ranks of the Police Force. The Police Commissioner may do well to enquire who are the Police Officers against whom this charge is levelled. Personally many a fact has come to my notice, where the Inspector in charge of the Police Station is not competent to do his part of the work, he has played himself into the hands of the Head Constable or Head Constables as the case may be, and the Inspector may be something like a puppet in the hands of the Head Constables. We know the pay and the status of a Head Constable. We also know whether they could be expected to be above corruption. Such representations about the inefficient officers in charge of the Police Stations and the consequent sufferings of the general public have been made in this House many a time. But still that has not been rectified to the satisfaction of this House. The Police Commissioner may refer to the report of his department and see the prosecutions launched by private individuals against the Police Force. They are also on the increase. Recently in connection with the temperance movement I was compelled to suspect, on account of the affinity which the Police Department and the Excise Department seems to possess, probably the Police constables help the Excise Department to a great extent in the consumption of commodities which they control.

MR. L. A. BISHOP (*Commissioner of Police*): Do the Police men get it on payment or without payment? (*Laughter.*)

MR. K. P. NILAKANTA PILLAI (*Chirayinkil*): Certainly, on payment. Therefore, Sir, when we in this House are pleading on the one hand to enhance the pay of the constabulary we would request the Police Commissioner to look after the way in which his constables spend the little that they get now. I would even suggest that it is to be the duty of the Police Commissioner to see that what little his men received is spent properly; because, by their improper methods of using what little they are paid now, they are causing violence to the orderly citizens of the country. I know personally that many cases have been launched before criminal courts against these men for their intemperate conduct.

MR L. A. BISHOP (*Commissioner of Police*): I hope the member can give an illustration.

MR. K. P. NILAKANTA PILLAI (*Chirayinkil*): If the Commissioner is very particular I can send him a list of the prosecutions now pending against police subordinates. As the cases were pending I do not think I would be permitted to refer to them here.

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MR. L. A. BISHOP (*Commissioner of Police*) ; So, the cases have not been decided ?

MR. K. P. NILAKANTA PILLAI (*Chirayinkil*): I said they are pending.

MR. L. A. BISHOP (*Commissioner of Police*) : Then, it amounts only to a *charge* against these policemen, which may or may not be proved.

MR. K. P. NILAKANTA PILLAI (*Chirayinkil*) : Whether it is going to be a mere charge or something more, the courts are not going to decide whether these constables drink or not ? The charges against them may be that they have assaulted or caused some other injury to some of the citizens of the country. That is the matter that is going to be considered by the court. Therefore that point is not going to help my present argument.

Again, Sir, I have to suggest that unnecessarily people should not be subjected to all sorts of disrespectful treatment at the hands of the police officers and subordinates. I had an occasion to refer to this matter in connection with the temperance movement where very respectable gentlemen were arrested and led under hand-cuffs. I can understand the use of hand-cuffs in the case of heinous offenders. But, in the case of respectable citizens this practice should be put an end to. Apart from the temperance movement, Sir, I know of other cases in which respectable motor drivers were led on hand-cuffs for offences under the Vehicles Regulation. There is absolutely no justification for such action on the part of the Police Department especially when respectable persons are involved in offences of the nature already described by me. Therefore, Sir, strict orders have to be issued that hand-cuffs should not be used in the case of respectable persons.

Then again, even though according to the recommendations of this House, that responsible officers should be put in charge of Police stations, graduates have been recruited as Inspectors and put in charge of Police stations, we have had sorrowful occasions to note that even these cultured Graduate Inspectors often resort to tortures within the Police stations, so much so they do not find it possible to concentrate all their attention and energy on the collection of evidence necessary to bring about the conviction of real offenders whom they have prosecuted. These Inspectors are apparently satisfied with the offender being locked up in the Police station and tortured there. The Inspectors are not then concerned with the case. Many a time it has been brought to our notice that on account of the influence, personal influence, exerted on these Police officers even respectable people are sometimes arrested, on some pretext or other, locked up and insulted by the Police. Thus it often happens that the Inspectors do not concentrate on the evidence required to bring to book the real offenders. This matter also has given room for serious complaint from the people. With these words, I place the motion for the consideration of the House.

MR. K. MADHAVAN (*Nominated*): ஸர், மி. கே. பி. நீலகண்டபிள்ளை அவர்கள் அவதரிப்பித்த பிரேயத்தைப் பின்தாங்கி பின்வருமாறு சொ

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[Mr. K. Madhavan.]

ல்லவிரும்புகிறேன். இந்த திருவிதாங்கூர் ராஜ்யத்தில் ஏராளமான ஏழை ஜனங்கள் கஷ்டம் அனுபவித்துக்கொண்டுவருகிறார்கள் என்பது இந்த கவுன்ஸிலில் யாவரும் அறிந்த விஷயம். இவர்கள் புதுவல் ஸ்தலங்களில் ஏறித்தாமஸிக்கிறார்கள். அங்கே அவர்கள் குடியிருக்கக்காடு தெளித்து, மரம் நட்டு, குடிசைகட்டிக்கொண்டிருக்கிறார்கள். செல்வாக்குள்ள தனவான்கள் போலீஸ் உதவிபெற்று இவர்களைத் தரத்திவிடுகிறார்கள். ஸர், இவர்கள் போகாமல்போனால் இந்த போலீஸார் இவர்களது குடிசைகளைப் பிடுங்கி எறிந்து இவர்களை ஹிம்ஸிக்கிறார்கள். இந்த ஏழை ஜனங்கள் இந்த டோலீஸாரைப்பயந்து, தங்கள் பூமியையும் குடிசையையும் விட்டு ஓடி குடியிருக்க இடமில்லாமல் திண்டாடுகிறார்கள். இந்த நிலைமையில் இருக்கிற இந்த ஏழை ஜனங்கள் எங்கேயாவது ஏறியிருந்தால் மற்றவர்கள் போலீஸார் உதவியைக்கொண்டு அவர்களை இறக்கிவிடுகிறார்கள். என்ன அநியாயம். ஏழை ஜனங்கள் என்ன செய்வார்கள்? எங்கே போவார்கள்? யாரிடத்தில் முறையிடுவார்கள்? ஸர், இந்த ராஜ்யத்திலுள்ள தனவான்கள் ஏராளமான ஸ்தலங்களை தங்கள் பேரில் பதித்து வைத்துக்கொண்டிருக்கிறார்கள். அப்படிப்பட்டவர்களை போலீஸ் சிக்ஷை ஒழிப்பிப்பதுமில்லை; கேள்வியுமில்லை. இந்த ஏழைகளுக்காகத்தான் போலீஸ் தயாராயிருக்கிறார்கள்? இந்த ஏழைகள் மலைப்பக்கங்களில் போய் காடுதெளித்து விடுகட்டிக்கொண்டு தாமஸிக்கிறார்கள். இவர்களையும் மற்றவர்கள் போலீஸார் உதவிகொண்டு ஹிம்ஸிக்கிறார்கள். போலீஸ் கமிஷனரை நான் கேட்டுக்கொள்வது யாதெனில் இனிமேலாவது போலீஸார் இந்த ஏழைகளை ஹிம்ஸிக்காமலிருக்கவேண்டும்.

இரண்டாவதாக எனக்குச் சொல்லவேண்டியது ஸர், இந்த ராஜ்யத்தில் இந்த ஏழை ஜனங்கள் பலவிதமான கஷ்டங்களை அனுபவிப்பதற்குக் காரணமாயிருந்த உயர்ந்த வகுப்பார்கள், தற்போது மற்ற தாழ்ந்த பட்ட வகுப்பாருக்கு வேண்டிய உதவிகள் செய்ய சிலர் துணிந்திருக்கிறார்கள். ஸர், இந்த ஏழைகள் இந்த ராஜ்யத்திற்கு மிக்க உபயோகமுள்ளவர்கள். இவர்கள் அநேகம் காடுகளை நாடாக்கியிருக்கிறார்கள். பட்டணங்களை பரிசுத்தமாக்குகிறார்கள். காடுகளை தெளித்து, தேகண்டித்து அனுபவித்துவரும் ஸ்தலங்களை அபகரிக்கக் கருதி, தனவந்தர்கள் இவர்கள்பேரில் மரம்வெட்டினதாகவும், தங்கள் பூமியில் பிரவேசித்ததாகவும் போலீஸாரிடம் சொல்லி, போலீஸார் இவர்களிடம் அநியாயமாய் பணம் பறித்து ஹிம்ஸித்து, குடியிலிருந்து இறக்கிவருகிறார்கள். அப்படி பணம் கொடுக்க சக்தியில்லாதவர்களை அடித்து நோட்டு எழுதிக் கொடுக்கச் சொல்கிறார்கள். இவ்விதமாக எழுதிக்கொடுக்கும் நோட்டைக் கொண்டு கேஸ் கொடுத்து, பணம் கொடுக்க சக்தியில்லாத போது, அவர்கள் பேரிலுள்ள புதுவலை பதித்துக் கொள்வதற்கு போலீஸார் உதவியாயிருக்கிறார்கள். இந்தவிதமாக ஏழை ஜனங்கள் கஷ்டம் அனுபவிக்கிறார்கள். இந்த ஸாதுக்கள் என்ன செய்வார்கள். போலீஸார் என்ன செய்துவிடுவார்களோவென்று பயந்து வீட்டைவிட்டு ஓடிப்போகிறார்கள். ஏழை ஜனங்கள் திருவிதாங்கூர் சமஸ்தானத்தில் கிருஸ்துவர்கள் மனேஜர்களின் கீழும், ஹிந்துக்களானால் ஸர்கிள் ஸிக்கா

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ട്ടിൽ കീഴും ഇരുക്കിറുർകൾ. ഇവ്വിതം ഇരുപ്പതനാൽ സാതുക്കൾപേരിൽ കേസ് ഉണ്ടാനാൽ മുതലിൽമാനേജർകളുക്കോ സിക്കിരിട്ടറികളുക്കോ അറിവിക്കവേണ്ടും. ഇത്തലിവർകൾ മൂലമായ് ഇന്ത ഏഴൈകളിൻ കേസ്കളൈ വിചാരിത്താൽഏഴൈകളിൻ തൊന്തരവുകൾ കുറൈയുമ്. സർ, ഇനി മേലാവതു പോലീസാർ പോയ് ഇന്ത ഏഴൈകളൈ തൊന്തിരവു ചെയ്യാമലിരുക്ക ഏർപാടുകൾ ചെയ്താൽ മിക്ക ഉപകാരമായിരുക്കും. സങ്കനൈ ചേരി താലുകാ കുഡുച്ചി പകുതിയിൽ വീടുകട്ടി കാമസിക്കുർ ജനങ്കളൈ വീട്ടൈവിട്ടു ഇറക്കുവതർകു വെവിനിയു ഇനിസ്പെക്ടർ പോലീസാരുടൻ പോവതാക എഴുതിയിരുക്കിറുർകൾ.ഇവ്വിത സങ്കടമാന കാരിയങ്കളൈച് ചൊല്ലിക്കൊണ്ടു എൻ അഭിപ്രായത്തൈ മുടിത്തുക് കൊൾകിറേൻ.

MR. P. S. MAHOMED (*Nominated*): സർ, മിസ്റ്റർ കെ. പി. നീലകണ്ഠപ്പിള്ള അവതരിപ്പിച്ച ഉപക്ഷേപത്തെ ഞാൻ ശക്തിയായി പിൻതാങ്ങുന്നു.

പോലീസുദ്യോഗസ്ഥന്മാർ അവരുടെ സമാധാനം പരിപാലിക്കുവാൻ ഉപയോഗമുള്ളതായ ആയുധങ്ങൾ ശേഖരിക്കുന്നതിൽ ഞങ്ങൾക്കു യാതൊരു അഭിപ്രായവ്യത്യാസവുമില്ല. എന്നാൽ തിരുവിതാംകൂറിലെ ജനങ്ങൾ, മിസ്റ്റർ നീലകണ്ഠപ്പിള്ള പറഞ്ഞപ്രകാരം, വിദ്യാഭ്യാസത്തിൽ വളരെ ഉന്നതി ലഭിച്ചിട്ടുള്ള ആളുകളായതുകൊണ്ടു ഉദ്യോഗസ്ഥന്മാരുടെ അധികാരത്തിൽ ഭയമുണ്ടാകയില്ല; ഉണ്ടായിട്ടുമില്ല. അങ്ങനെ ഉള്ളവരായിരുന്നു എങ്കിൽ ഈ ലാത്തിയേക്കാൾ ഭയങ്കരമായ തോക്കിനേയും ബോംബിനേയും ആയിരുന്നു. ഇങ്ങനെ ഞാൻ പറയുന്നതു ലാത്തിയെ ഭയപ്പെട്ടിട്ടല്ല, അതിനെ ഒരു സന്ദർഭത്തിൽ കൊണ്ടുവന്നതുകൊണ്ടുമാത്രം പറയുകയാണ്. വളരെ പാവനമായ ഉദ്ദേശത്തോടുകൂടി തങ്ങളെ എന്തുതന്നെ ഉപദ്രവിച്ചാലും പകരം ചെയ്യുകയില്ലെന്നുള്ള തത്വത്തോടുകൂടി രാജ്യസേവനംചെയ്യുന്ന യോഗ്യന്മാരുടെമുതുകിൽ പ്രഹരം ചെയ്യുന്ന എന്ന ദുഷ്കീർത്തി സമ്പാദിച്ചു ആ പേരോടുകൂടിയ ആയുധം ഇവിടെ കൊണ്ടുവന്നതിനാലാണു ഞങ്ങൾ അതിനെ ആക്ഷേപിക്കുന്നതു്. ഇത്രത്തോളം ദുഷ്കീർത്തി സമ്പാദിച്ചിട്ടുള്ള ഒരായുധം ഒരു സന്ദർഭത്തിൽ ഇവിടെ കൊണ്ടുവരേണ്ട ആവശ്യമില്ലായിരുന്നു എന്നുമാത്രം പറഞ്ഞുകൊണ്ടു മിസ്റ്റർ നീലകണ്ഠപ്പിള്ളയുടെ ഉപക്ഷേപത്തെ അനുകൂലിച്ചുകൊള്ളുന്നു.

MR. MATTHEW MURIKKAN (*Vaikam*): Sir, I also wish to speak a few words in connection with the motion now under discussion. I wish to refer only to three points in regard to the administration of the Police Department.

I shall first deal with the role of the Police in the conduct of criminal cases. It is stated in the report of the department, Sir,

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[Mr. Matthew Murikkan.]

"The Government regret to observe that in spite of repeated instructions conveyed in their previous reviews, the Magistrates took on an average 125·2 days for the disposal of cases charged before them by the Police against 81·3 days in 1103. The respective duration of such cases in the years 1100, 1101 and 1102 was only 47, 59, and 74·5 days. The District Magistrates are therefore requested to investigate the causes of this steady deterioration and report conclusions to Government at an early date.

".....It is observed that only 86 per cent of the processes sent to police were returned served against 87·6 in 1103 and 95·4 in 1102. The percentage should be improved. There are still complaints of delay in the submission of final report on occurrences reported to Magistracy by the police. The Commissioner is requested to see that this complaint is removed."

It would appear from the report and the order thereon that the Magistrates are to be found fault with for the delay in the disposal of criminal cases. To my mind, the Police are considerably responsible for this delay. In many criminal cases the Head Constables investigate the cases and the Inspectors prosecute them, or the Inspectors investigate the cases and the Head Constables conduct them. The Inspector, being the officer in charge of the whole taluk and being mainly responsible for the prevention of breach of peace in the whole taluk, has to be out on many days; so that when a case is posted he is not to be seen. On this account several respectable witnesses appearing in the court for such cases have to return and come again some other day. It is therefore that I said that the delay that we now find in the disposal of criminal cases is mainly due to the laxity on the part of the police. Therefore, to my mind, it would be better, if the Police Commissioner would recommend and the Government would sanction the appointment of more Prosecuting Inspectors for the conduct of criminal cases. The investigation alone should be done by the Station Inspectors and the prosecution must be left entirely to the Prosecuting Inspectors. This could be done only if more Prosecuting Inspectors are appointed. On account of the delay now caused by these Police officers it is not only the accused that suffers but all parties concerned; even respectable witnesses who appear for these cases have very often to go back and they do not even get their bata for the day. So, the present arrangement is a nuisance to the public from the point of view of justice delayed; and it is a nuisance to the parties and to the witnesses also.

I shall next deal with the policy of instruction now pursued by the Commissioner of Police. I am very glad that the Commissioner of Police has conceded that he has not been able to do full justice to the inspection work during 1105. It is regrettable to note that there are Police stations which have not so far been visited by him. He has been telling us that he was very busy and had no time. There has been a lot of complaint in this House that his office is already overmanned. He has a Special Assistant, a Manager, a head accountant and many others in his office. Therefore, I cannot quite see how he can excuse himself on the plea that he was very busy and had no time for inspection work. In the Administration Report of the Department I find

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statements showing the inspection work done by the Inspectors, the A. S. P's and D. S. P's. But I do not find a statement showing the inspection work done by the Commissioner. I think it will be better.....

MR. L. A. BISHOP (*Commissioner of Police*): It is there, in page 17 of the report.

MR. MATTHEW MURIKKAN (*Vaikam*): If it is there, it is quite all right; only I could not find it out. My only point is that it would be more advantageous if more detailed information is given to the public with regard to the tours of the Police Commissioner. I would also take this opportunity to suggest that the touring work of the Commissioner must be more frequent and efficient. The Commissioner should visit each station in the State at least once a year. That is the minimum. I would certainly like to have more frequent inspections if possible. I would also suggest that, in some cases at least, there may be surprise visits. It may not be possible to make surprise visits in all cases. That is why I suggest that in some cases at least there may be surprise visits so that the subordinates in the other stations also might be on the alert. When I say that the inspection work of the Commissioner of Police must be more efficient, what I mean is this. There is no use in his paying a flying visit to a station here today and to another tomorrow. The Police Commissioner must stay at least a day or two in each place and give an opportunity to the public to come forward with their complaints. It need not be done in all cases, Such opportunities may be given just in some chronic cases for the people to ventilate their grievances to the Commissioner on the spot. The Commissioner himself must have the facility to investigate matters, personally. This is what I mean by his touring work being more efficient.

Let me in conclusion add a word about the general policy of the working of the department. It is well known that the Police Department is a protective department. I have no hesitation to say that now and then they deteriorate and become an offending department. In the report of the department itself there is a statement of the several prosecutions against police officers. And some of them end in convictions also. It is quite possible that some of these prosecutions are quite unjust; and it is not unlikely that such cases also may sometimes end in convicitions. Therefore, my suggestion is that the Commissioner should scrupulously watch the movements of these officers so that when complaints about the officers of the department are taken to him he can deal with them with the greatest care and make efficient arrangements to see that such complaints do not recur.

MR. MURUVELIL PACHU PILLAI (*Shertallai*): Sir,.....

PRESIDENT: Mr. Thanu Pillai stood first.

MR. A. THANU PILLAI (*Trivandrum*): I rise to support Mr. K. P. Nilakanta Pillai's motion. The main point that I wish to urge upon the attention of the Government in this connection is that the present day police methods are likely to bring about consequences which neither the Government, nor even the authorities who are responsible for the

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[Mr. A. Thanu Pillai.]

control of the Police, desire. Sir, any unnecessary demonstration of Police might which might be justifiable in a country where there is sedition or attempts to subvert the existing Government, is likely, in a State like Travancore, to create conditions requiring such demonstrations. What I mean is this. The methods that are adopted in a country where the relation between the people and the Government is not what it ought to be,should not be imported into a State like Travancore where there is absolutely no opposition so far as the people and the Government are concerned in regard to the continuance of the existing form of Government. The Commissioner of Police seems to be under a great misapprehension as to the relation that subsists between the people and the Government of Travancore. Sir, in Travancore, there is absolutely nothing like sedition or any attempt to minimise or lessen the prestige or the strength of the Government of the State. What, I ask, is the necessity under such circumstances for the display of Police might? We all know, Sir, that the Police force is necessary. The Police force ought to function efficiently. But then, is there any necessity to resort to methods that are likely to be viewed only as attempts to instil terror in the minds of the people or the country? We had never heard what these *lathis* are. Till about a few months ago in Travancore there was absoutely nothing lost by the Government or by the Police force because these *lathis* had not been introduced in the State. Now, the Commissioner of Police may challenge the statement that *lathis* were imported into Travancore only recently At any rate, Sir, I may say that, if they existed here even before, they were not seen outside. Probably the Commissioner of Police did not import these *lathis* from outside. He might have got them from the local Forest Department. My fear is, and I am stating it in all earnestness, that this attitude on the part of the Police Department is likely to instil in the people's minds a sort of feeling towards Government which is not at-all desirable. It is likely to create feeling of enmity towards Government. So, the Police and the Government ought to be very careful in resorting to these displays. They ought not to create unwholesome feelings towards Government in the minds of the people. That is my point and that is what I want to urge upon the attention of Government.

As regards the C. I. D., attempts are being made by the Commissioner of Police to increase the C. I. D. force. The proposal was brought before the Finance Committee and it was objected to by the non-official Members. I am glad to see that, after all, Government eventually took the view that the increase in the C. I. D. force is neither desirable nor necessary. Because, I find that though many other smaller matters that were disallowed by the non-official members of tha Finance Committee have been introduced in the Budget, Government did not think it necessary to introduce the provision in regard to this important matter in the Budget. For instance, in such a small matter as the increase of pay of a few stenographers.....

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MR. S. PIRAVIPERUMAL PILLAI (*Commerce and Industry, South*) : Sir, I rise to a point of order. That question does not arise now.

MR. A. THANU PILLAI (*Trivandrum*): It *does* arise; if my friend would kindly listen to me till I finish he would see how it arises. In minor matters such as the constitution of an Advisery Board for the Department of Ayurveda for instance, Government thought it necessary to introduce into the Budget provisions which were objected to by the non-official members of the Finance Committee. But in this important matter, that policy of the Government has not been adopted, and I think that shows that the Government realise the unwisdom of enhancing the C. I. D. staff. I take this opportunity of congratulating the Government on that step that they have taken in this matter. I do not want to say anything more about this.

I wish to say a word about another small matter. It seems there is a rule regarding traffic control that buses must provide fifteen inches' space for each passenger. It appears there is some trouble in regard to the interpretation of this rule. It seems some busowners have generously provided sixteen and seventeen inches' space instead of fifteen as prescribed by the rules. Of course, it is more convenient for the passengers to have as much space as possible. We hear that the Police Department has taken objection to such buses affording better convenience to the passengers by providing more space than that allowed by the rule. I do not understand the wisdom of the Police Department in this matter and I wish to get an explanation from the Police Commissioner. I would suggest in a general way that unnecessary difficulties are not created in the way of busowners. If they afford more convenience to the travelling public, why should that be objected to by the Police Department? With these words, I support the motion.

MR. MURUVELIL PACHU PILLAI (*Shertallai*): സർ, ഈ ഉപക്ഷേപത്തെ ഞാനും അനുകൂലിക്കുന്നു. ഇവിടത്തെ പോലീസിന് ക്രിമിനൽ നടപടി നിയമപ്രകാരം ചില കേസുകൾ എടുത്തു് അന്വേഷിക്കുന്നതിന് അധികാരം കൊടുത്തിട്ടുണ്ടു്. ആ അധികാരം ഇപ്പോൾ അവർ വേണ്ടപോലെ ഉപയോഗിക്കുന്നില്ല എന്നാണു എനിക്കു് പറയാനുള്ളതു്. പോലീസുകാക്കു് വാറണ്ടു കൂടാതെ പിടിക്കാവുന്ന കുറഞ്ഞം സ്വയമേവ എടുത്തു അന്വേഷിക്കുന്നതിനു ക്രിമിനൽ നടപടി നിയമപ്രകാരം അവക്കു് അധികാരമുണ്ടു്. ഇങ്ങനെ കേസ് എടുത്താൽ ഉടൻതന്നെ ആ കേസ് വിസ്തരിക്കാൻ അധികാരമുള്ള മജിസ്ട്രേട്ടകോടതിയിൽ കേസെടുത്തവിവരത്തിനു് F. I. R. അയക്കണം. മജിസ്ട്രേട്ടു് അതിന്മേൽ ഇരുപത്തിനാലു ദിവസത്തിനകം ഫൈനൽ റിപ്പോർട്ടയക്കണമെന്നു എഴുതി അയക്കുന്നു. ഈ ദിവസത്തിനകത്തു് അന്വേഷണം പൂർത്തിയാക്കി ഫൈനൽറിപ്പോർട്ടു അയക്കുന്നതിനു് ഇവർ വേണ്ടവിധം ശ്രദ്ധിക്കുന്നില്ല. നി

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[Mr. Muruvelil Pachu Pillai.]

ശ്ചിതദിവസം കഴിഞ്ഞാലും അതിനെപ്പറ്റി യാതൊരന്വേഷണവും നടത്തുന്നില്ല. അഡ്മിനിസ്ട്രേഷൻ റിപ്പോർട്ടിൽ മുൻസീഫ് കോടതികളിലും മജിസ്ട്രേട്ട് കോടതികളിലും ഓരോ കേസുകൾ തീർപ്പാക്കു ഇത്രനാൾ താമസിച്ചു എന്നുള്ളവിവരം അടങ്ങീട്ടുണ്ട്. എന്നാൽ ഒരു പോലീസ് ആഫീസർ അന്വേഷണം നടത്തുന്ന കേസ് രജിസ്റ്ററിൽ എടുത്തശേഷം ഫൈനൽ റിപ്പോർട്ടയക്കുന്നതിന് എത്രനാൾ താമസിച്ചു എന്നറിയുന്നതിനുള്ള വിവരങ്ങൾ ഒന്നും ഇപ്പോൾ പ്രസിദ്ധംചെയ്യുകാണുന്നില്ല. കേസ് എടുത്തു് അന്വേഷണം നടത്തി ഫൈനൽ റിപ്പോർട്ട് അയക്കുന്നതു് അവർക്കു ബോധിക്കുന്നസമയത്താണു്. മൻക്രട്ടി രജിസ്റ്ററിൽ എടുത്തിട്ടുള്ള കേസുകൾ വളരെക്കാലം അന്വേഷണത്തിൽ തന്നെ കിടക്കുന്നു. അതിനുശേഷമെടുത്തിട്ടുള്ള കേസുകൾ അന്വേഷണം പൂർത്തിയാക്കി ഫൈനൽറിപ്പോർട്ടു് അയക്കുന്നു. ഇതിലേക്കു മജിസ്ട്രേട്ട് നിശ്ചയിക്കുന്ന സമയത്തിനകം ഫൈനൽ റിപ്പോർട്ടയക്കാതിരിക്കുന്നതിനുള്ളകാരണങ്ങൾ അപ്പപ്പോൾ എഴുതി അയക്കുന്നതിന് മജിസ്ട്രേട്ടന്മാർ പ്രത്യേകം നിഷ്കർഷചെയ്യണം. ഈ വിഷയത്തിൽ കമ്മീഷണർ തുടങ്ങിയുള്ള മേലധികാരികളുടെ ശ്രദ്ധ പ്രത്യേകം പതിയേണ്ടതാണു്.

ഇപ്പോൾ ഏതു കാര്യത്തിനും ക്രിമിനൽ നടപടിനിയമത്തിലെ ൯൦-൦ം വകുപ്പു് ഈ രാജ്യത്തെ പോലീസിന്റെ ഒരു വലിയ ആവശ്യമായി തീർന്നിരിക്കയാണു്. പൊതുമുതൽ കൊണ്ടു സംരക്ഷിച്ചുവരുന്ന റോഡുകളിലെ സഞ്ചാരസ്വാതന്ത്ര്യം സംബന്ധിച്ചു ൯൦-൦ം വകുപ്പു പ്രയോഗിക്കുന്നു. എവിടെയെങ്കിലും ഒരു പബ്ലിക്ക് മീറ്റിങ്ങ് കൂടുന്നുവെങ്കിൽ അവിടേയും ചിലപ്പോൾ ൯൦-൦ം വകുപ്പു് കടന്നുകൂടുന്നു. ഘോഷയാത്രയെ തടയുന്നതിനും ൯൦-൦ം വകുപ്പാണു് ആശ്രയം. മദ്യവർജ്ജനസ്തൂപം സംബന്ധിച്ചും ൯൦-൦ം വകുപ്പിനെതന്നെ ശരണം പ്രാപിക്കുന്നു. ഇപ്രകാരം ൯൦-൦ം വകുപ്പിന്റെ പ്രയോഗം ഇപ്പോൾ ഇവിടെ സർവ്വസാധാരണമായിതീർന്നിരിക്കുന്നു. ഈ രാജ്യം വിദ്യാഭ്യാസത്തിൽ മറ്റു നാട്ടുരാജ്യങ്ങളുടെ മുന്നണിയിൽ നില്ക്കുന്നു. അങ്ങനെയുള്ള ഈ രാജ്യത്തു ൯൦-൦ം വകുപ്പിന്റെ ഇത്ര വലിയ വ്യാപ്തിയും സി. ഐ. ഡി. പോലീസിന്റെ വർദ്ധനയും ഈ രാജ്യത്തിനും ജനങ്ങൾക്കും ആക്ഷേപകരമാണു്. വിദ്യാഭ്യാസത്തിന്റെ അഭിവൃദ്ധിക്കുവേണ്ടി ഈ രാജ്യത്തിന്റെ മുതലെടുപ്പിൽ അഞ്ചിൽ ഒരു ഭാഗം ചിലവാ

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ക്കുന്നുണ്ട്. അതു നിമിത്തം ജനങ്ങളുടെ അറിവും പരിഷ്കാരവും നാൾ ക്കുനാൾ വർദ്ധിച്ചു വരുന്നു. ഇതുനോക്കുമ്പോൾ ലാത്തിയുടെ ഉപയോഗവും, സി. ഐ. ഡി. യുടെ വർദ്ധനയും, ൻ ഠ –ാം വകുപ്പിന്റെ സർവ്വ സാധാരണമായ പ്രയോഗവും ഈ രാജ്യത്തെ ജനങ്ങളുടെ സ്ഥിതിക്കു തീരേ യോജിച്ചതല്ല. ഇതെല്ലാം കണ്ടിട്ട് ഭയന്നു തങ്ങളുടെ ന്യായമായ ശ്രമങ്ങളിൽനിന്നു ഇവിടത്തെ ജനങ്ങൾ പിൻതിരിഞ്ഞുപോകുന്നവരുമല്ല. ഈ രാജ്യത്തെ ജനങ്ങൾ നാഗരീകത്വത്തിലും വിദ്യാഭ്യാസത്തിലും നാൾക്കുനാൾ മുന്നിട്ടു വരുമ്പോൾ ൻ ഠ –ാം വകുപ്പിന്റെ ഇതിനു മുമ്പില്ലാത്ത അസാധാരണമായ പ്രയോഗവും, സി. ഐ. ഡി. പോലീസിന്റെ വർദ്ധനയും, എന്തുദ്ദേശത്തോടുകൂടിയാണെന്ന് മനസ്സിലാകുന്നില്ല. ഈ വക നടപടികൾ ഈ രാജ്യത്തിലെ ജനങ്ങൾക്ക് പൊതുവെ വലിയ അഭിമാനക്ഷയത്തിനുപോലും കാരണമായിതീരുന്നുണ്ടെന്ന് ഗവണ്മെൻറും ഡിപ്പാർട്ടുമെൻറു മേലധികാരികളും ഇനിഎങ്കിലും മനസിലാക്കേണ്ടതാണ്.

ഇനി പോലീസിന്റെ അധികാരാർത്തിയെ സംബന്ധിച്ചാണ് എനിക്കു പറയുവാനുള്ളതു്. അതിലേക്ക് ഒരു റീ അലോക്കേഷൻ ആഫീസരെ നിയമിയ്ക്കുയും ഈ ആഫീസരുടെ റിപ്പോർട്ട് കിട്ടുകയും ചെയ്തിട്ടുണ്ട്.

PRESIDENT: Mr. Pachu Pillai, I should like to say that I would be glad if you would finish your speech in a minute so that I can give at least 3 minutes for Mr. Bishop to reply. There are only 4 minutes more for the time allotted for the demand to expire.

MR. MURUVELIL PACHU PILLAI (*Shertallai*): ഇതുയും പ്രസ്താവിച്ചുകൊണ്ട് ഞാൻ വിരമിച്ചുകൊള്ളുന്നു.

MR. L. A. BISHOP (*Commissioner of Police*): Sir, I have got three minutes more. I would like, within that time, to clear the air of all that has been said by way of criticism of the working of the Police Department. I shall try my best.

First of all, I propose to deal with the introduction of the *lathi*. I do not know if all the members of the House have seen it. Perhaps the members of the House would like me to show one to them now. (*Mr. A. S. Damodaran Asan: Louder, please.*) I have brought one here and I have kept it outside. (*Mr. Thanu Pillai: We have seen lathies.*) (*Mr. A. S. Damodaran Asan: I would like to see it*). These are not new in Travancore. I am afraid the Travancore Press, which is usually very much alive, has only recently heard about them. In British India, the baton was abolished long ago. It costs twice as much as the *lathi* and it cracks easily. So, they got *lathis* instead. *Lathis* are used for dispersing crowds, not necessarily only *Satyagraha* or emperance crowds; but an unlawful crowd that has to be dispersed,

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MR. R. KESAVA PILLAI (*Kottarakara* cum *Kunnattur*): May I know whether the sight of it would infuse terror in the minds of the spectator?

MR. L. A. BISHOP (*Commissioner of Police*): No, not necessarily.

MR. A. S. DAMODARAN ASAN (*Mavelikara* cum *Kartikapalli*): Has the number of crowds in Travancore recently increased to such an extent as to necessitate the introduction of *lathis* here?

MR. L. A. BISHOP (*Commissioner of Police*): I do not say that Travancore is not crowded. (*Laughter.*)

MR. A. S. DAMODARAN ASAN (*Mavelikara* cum *Kartikapalli*): Then, why does he want weapons for dispersing crowds?

PRESIDENT: Please ask questions after he finishes his speech, You have not been attending to his speech, nor do you seem to have understood him. If you listen to him carefully and put your questions to him after understanding what he says, then I can appreciate it. Please allow him to go on.

MR. L. A. BISHOP (*Commissioner of Police*): In British India, Sir, as I said, the baton was substituted by big *lathis* first. But, now they have given up the big *lathis* also; because, if you hit somebody with one of those big *lathis*, he can catch it by the other end and attack you with it. It is also very heavy and costly. Moreover, when it hits, it hits very hard. So, they have given it up now and introduced the smaller *lathis* like the *lathis* that I have here. The *lathis* that we have are much cheaper and much more effective, and it does not fall so heavily on the head or body of the person whom you hit. It was introduced in British India just before I came here. I made enquiries as to how far it was effective; and I learnt that it was very effective. Crowds are dispersed with the help of these *lathis* without difficulty. I therefore wrote to Madras asking whether they would train one of our men in *lathi* drill. In April 1929 they agreed to do it. I sent one of our Head Constables and he was trained at Madras in *lathi* drill in that April and the subsequent month. After he came back, he trained six other Head Constables; and *lathi* drill has now been introduced in the Armed Reserve also. I hope. in time, to do away with the baton and have these *lathis*. It will prove very economical. They are so cheap and so effective for dispersing crowds. After all, crowds have to be dispersed some time or other. I have not got the temperance crowd in view when I speak of the *lathis*. Temperance crowds are very often quite orderly. I have absolutely no complaint about them.

MR. R. KESAVA PILLAI (*Kottarakara* cum *Kunnattur*): What is it that induced the Commissioner of Police to introduce the *lathi* in Travancore just at the present moment?

PRESIDENT: That is what he has been explaining.

MR. L. A. BISHOP (*Commissioner of Police*): Then, Sir, as regards the Police oppression in the case of the temperance work in the country, no meeting has so far been prohibited, no procession of

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theirs has so far been obstructed. And, personally, I have always found that these meetings and processions are orderly. It was only in the beginning that there were some objectionable speeches which were likely to move or affect the uneducated masses in an undesirable manner. But, very soon, the temperance work crystallised under proper leaders; and I now find that the speeches are not objectionable, and the meetings and processions are also orderly. The department has absolutely nothing against temperance work being carried on in the country provided the majority do not trouble the minority and force them to submit to the views of the majority. If a man wants to drink, the temperance people should not tell him that he must not drink, nor say that they would not allow him to drink. He has certainly the right to drink and these people have certainly not got the right in law to interfere with him and stop him when he goes to drink. In such cases of undue interference of the legal rights of the citizens, we have to take action and enforce the law.

As regards the C. I. D., Sir, it is well known that there is a Criminal Investigation Department in every country in the world. They have the Department not merely for political work but for the investigation of complicated crimes, in which are cases of forgery, counterfeit notes and counterfeit coins. At present, I may assure the House, I do not propose to increase my C. I. D. force. I now have only the Inspectors and as many men as I had when I took charge of the Department. The business of the C. I. D. here as everywhere else is to deal with what are called professional crimes. The C. I. D. is intended to reinforce the local police in the investigation of crimes, mainly those crimes which extend beyond the jurisdiction of a particular Police station.

MR. R. KESAVA PILLAI (*Kottarakara* cum *Kunnattur*): May I know from the Commissioner of Police whether the C. I. D's have been attending prohibition meetings?

MR. L. A. BISHOP (*Commissioner of Police*): They *do*, in order to know what the feelings of the people are in the matter. Sir, we must keep in touch with the country. There are no newspapers in the country which report the speeches in public meetings fully. If any speech is bad or objectionable we have to take action in the interest of peace in the country. Information is collected by the Reporters of the C. I. D. who attend these meetings and convey to us so that we may be able to keep in touch with what is going on in the country.

MR. R. KESAVA PILLAI (*Kottarakara* cum *Kunnattur*): May I know from the Commissioner of Police, whether it is his opinion that the prohibition workers are seditious people?

PRESIDENT: I do not think that question arises. Will you allow him to finish?

MR. L. A. BISHOP (*Commissioner of Police*): My idea, Sir, for the future is to collect all information regarding crimes in the country and to prepare a Crime central bureau Report. If members would try to read my administration report they would get an idea of the system of watching crimes and all that, that is contemplated. That is the reason why I want to increase the C. I. D. force.

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PRESIDENT: Mr. Bishop, I think you have to stop. You have already exceeded the time.

The above and the following motions lapsed on account of the expiry of the time allotted for the demand.

Motions 401 to 423.

MR. S. PIRAVIPERUMAL PILLAI:

401. To reduce the allotment of Rs. 49,557 for Commissioner by Re 1.

MR. K. MADHAVAN PILLAI:

402. To reduce the total allotment of Rs. 49,557 for Commissioner by Rs. 100.

MR. K. P. NILAKANTA PILLAI:

403. To reduce the allotment of Rs. 24,032 for Second Grade Inspectors by Rs. 1,500.

MR. R. RAMAN PILLAI:

404. To reduce the allotment of Rs. 24,032 for Second Grade Inspectors by Rs 480.

MR. V. CHELLAM PILLAI:

405. To reduce the allotment of Rs. 24,032 for Second Grade Inspectors by Re. 1.

MR. P. S. MAHOMED:

406. To reduce the allotment of Rs. 15,237 for permanent establishment of District Superintendent's offices by Rs. 10.

MR. P. S. MAHOMED:

407. To reduce the allotment of Rs. 15,237 for permanent establishment of District Superintendent's office by Rs. 10.

MR. TAMARAPALLIL KOCHUTOMMAN:

408. To reduce the allotment of Rs. 42,546 for Head Constables by Rs. 10.

MR. A. THANU PILLAI:

409. To reduce the allotment of Rs. 2,84,223 for pay of constables of the permanent establishment by Rs. 13,200.

MR. A. C. KURIAKOSE:

410. To reduce the allotment of Rs. 2,84,223 for pay of constables of the permanent establishment by Re. 1.

MR. P. S. MAHOMED:

411. To reduce the allotment of Rs. 2,84,223 for pay of constables by Rs. 10.

MR. K. P. NILAKANTA PILLAI:

412. To reduce the allotment of Rs. 5,269 for temporary constabulary by Rs. 528.

MR. P. S. MAHOMED.

413. To reduce the allotment of Rs. 3,63,854 for establishment by Rs. 10.

MR. P. S. MAHOMED;

414. To reduce the allotment of Rs. 3,400 for rents by Rs. 10.

MR. V. J. OOMMEN:

415. To reduce the allotment of Rs. 5,52,783 for District Police by Rs. 2,350.

MR. MURUVELIL PACHU PILLAI:

416. To reduce the allotment of Rs. 5,52,783 for District Police by Re. 1.

MR. G. P. NILAKANTA PILLAI:

417. To reduce the total allotment for Rs. 6,02,340 under Demand XI by Re. 1.

MR. A. G. MENON:

418. To reduce the total allotment of Rs. 6,02,340 under Demand XI by Re. 1.

MR. ITTOOP ITTEECHAN;

419. To reduce the total allotment of Rs. 6,02,340 under Demand XI by Re. 1.

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MR. P. S. MAHOMED :

420. To reduce the total allotment of Rs. 6,02,340 under Demand XI by Rs. 10.

MR. K. P. NILAKANTA PILLAI :

421. To reduce the total allotment of Rs. 6,02,340 under Demand XI by Rs. 100.

MR. T. C. KESAVA PILLAI :

422. To reduce the total allotment of Rs. 6,02,340 under Demand XI by Rs. 100.

MR. V. S. KRISHNA PILLAI :

423. To reduce the total allotment of Rs. 6,02,340 under Demand XI by Rs. 100.

PRESIDENT: I now put Demand No. XI. Police for a sum of Rs. 6,02,340 to the Vote of the House.

The grant was made.

DEMAND XII - EDUCATION.

MR E. G. MCALPINE (*Director of Public Instruction*): I move for a grant not exceeding Rs. 45,45,381 under Demand XII – Education.

The following three motions were ruled out of order as they did not legitimately come under the head Establishment.

Motions 424 to 426.

MR. R. RAMAN PILLAI :

424. To reduce the allotment of Rs. 13,195 for pay of Head Accountant, etc., by Re. 1.

MR. K. PADMANABHA PANIKKAR :

425. To reduce the allotment of Rs. 13,195 for pay of Head Accountant, etc., by Re. 1.

MR. MURUVELIL PACHU PILLAI :

426. To reduce the allotment of Rs. 13,195 for pay of Head Accountant, etc., by Re. 1.

The following motions were not moved.

Motions 427 to 429.

MR. R. RAMAN PILLAI :

427. To reduce the allotment of Rs. 13,195 for pay of Head Accountant, etc., by Rs. 5.

MR. P. S. MAHOMED :

428. To reduce the allotment of Rs. 13,195 for pay of Head Accountant, etc., by Rs. 10.

MR. R. KESAVA PILLAI :

429. To reduce the allotment of Rs. 15,850 for establishment by Re. 1.

Motion 430.

The following motion was ruled out of order as it did not legitimately come under the head Establishment.

MR. KESAVA PILLAI :

430. To reduce the allotment of Rs. 15,850 for establishment by Re. 1.

Motions 431 and 432.

The following motions were not moved.

MR. A. S. DAMODARAN ASAN :

431. To reduce the allotment of Rs. 15,850 for establishment by Re. 1.

MR. V. J. OOMMEN :

432. To reduce the allotment of Rs. 15,850 for establishment by Rs. 100.

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